$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 6.4 Real-World Problems: Percent

## Solve.

## Example

A fruit display has 75 fruits. 30 of them are oranges and the rest are peaches.
a) What percent of the fruits are oranges?

Method 1
Fraction of the fruits that are oranges $=\frac{\text { Number of oranges }}{\text { Total number of fruits }}$

$$
=\frac{30}{75}
$$

$$
=\frac{2}{5}
$$

$\frac{2}{5}$ $\times 100$ \% = $\qquad$ \%
$\qquad$ $\%$ of the fruits are oranges.

## Method 2


$\qquad$ fruits $\rightarrow \underline{100} \%$

1 fruit $\rightarrow \underline{\frac{100}{75}} \%$


40 \% of the fruits are oranges.
b) What percent of the fruits are peaches?
$100 \%-40 \%=\underline{60} \%$
60 \% of the fruits are peaches.

Name: $\qquad$

1. Denise sold 12 of the 40 quilts she made.
a) What percent of the quilts did Denise sell?

## Method 1

Fraction of the quilts Denise sold $=\frac{\text { Number of quits sold }}{\text { Total number of quilts }}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \ldots \ldots \ldots=\ldots \\
& \text { Denise sold } \ldots \ldots \% \text { of the quilts. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Method 2


$\ldots$ quilts $\rightarrow$ $\qquad$ \%
$\longrightarrow$ quilt $\rightarrow$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ quilts $\rightarrow$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ \% = $\qquad$

Denise sold $\qquad$ \% of the quilts.
b) What percent of the quilts did Denise not sell?
$\qquad$ \% - $\qquad$ $\%=$ $\qquad$

Denise did not sell $\qquad$ \% of the quilts.
2. 70 out of 350 calculators at a bookstore are scientific calculators.
a) What percent of the calculators are scientific calculators?
b) What percent of the calculators are not scientific calculators?
3. Of the 2,400 marathon participants, 1,800 of them wore headphones.
a) What percent of the participants wore headphones?
b) What percent of the participants did not wear headphones?

Name: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Solve.

## Example

Mason buys a suitcase that costs $\$ 390$. In addition, he has to pay $8 \%$ sales tax on his purchase. What is the total cost of the suitcase?

## Method 1

Sales tax $=8 \quad 8$ of $\$ 390$
$=\underline{\frac{8}{100}} \times \$ 390$
$=\$ 31.20$
$\$ \underline{390}+\$ \underline{31.20}=\$ \underline{421.20}$
The total cost of the suitcase is $\$ \underline{421.20}$.

## Method 2

Sales tax:
$\xrightarrow{100} \% \rightarrow \underline{390}$
$1 \quad \% \rightarrow \$$ $\frac{\frac{390}{100}}{}$
$8 \quad \% \rightarrow-8$
$\$ \underline{390}+\$ \underline{31.20}=\$ \underline{421.20}$
The total cost of the suitcase is $\$ \underline{421.20}$.

Name:
4. Janice paid $\$ 820$ plus $7 \%$ sales tax for her airfare. How much did she pay in total for her airfare?

## Method 1

Sales tax $=$ $\qquad$ \% of \$ $\qquad$
$=$ $\qquad$ $\times \$$ $\qquad$

$$
=\$
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $+\$$ $\qquad$ = \$ $\qquad$

Janice paid \$ $\qquad$ in total for her airfare.

## Method 2

Sales tax:
$\qquad$ \% $\rightarrow$ \$
$\qquad$ \% $\rightarrow$ \$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ \% $\rightarrow$ $\qquad$ $\times \$$ $\qquad$ = \$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$ $+\$$ $\qquad$ = \$ $\qquad$

Janice paid \$ $\qquad$ in total for her airfare.
5. Jackie bought a collection of books for $\$ 150$. A sales tax of $8 \%$ was added to the price. How much did Jackie pay in all for the books?
6. Ms. Alice paid $\$ 3,750$ plus $7 \%$ sales tax on landing mats for a gymnastics club. How much did she pay in total for the landing mats?

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Solve.

## Example

An MP3 player costs $\$ 40$, and a sales tax of $\$ 2.40$ is added to the cost.
What is the sales tax rate?
The cost of the MP3 player is 100 \%.
$\$ \quad 40 \rightarrow \xrightarrow{100} \%$
$\$ \quad 1 \rightarrow \xrightarrow{\frac{100}{40}} \%$
$\$ \underline{2.40} \rightarrow \underline{2.40} \times \underline{\frac{100}{40}} \%=\underline{6} \%$
The sales tax rate is $\qquad$ \%.
7. Emily bought a DVD movie for $\$ 25.50$, and a sales tax of $\$ 2.04$ was added to the cost. What was the sales tax?

The cost of the DVD movie was $\qquad$ \%.
$\$ \_\longrightarrow \longrightarrow$
\$ $\qquad$ $\rightarrow$ $\qquad$
\$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ \% = $\qquad$

The sales tax rate was $\qquad$ \%.
8. The sign in a shop shows the cost of a computer monitor and its sales tax.

| Computer monitor | $\$ 115.00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sales tax | $\$ 8.05$ |

The sales tax was calculated based on the cost of the computer monitor. What was the sales tax rate?

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Solve.

## Example

Scotty earns a $2 \%$ commission for all the cars he sells. If Scotty receives $\$ 3,750$ in commission, what is the dollar amount of his sales?


A salesperson earns a percent of the total sales made, which is called commission.

The dollar amount of his sales is $\$ \underline{187,500}$.
9. Catherine donates $5 \%$ of her salary to charity. If she donates $\$ 285$, how much is her salary?
$\qquad$ $\% \rightarrow \$$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\% \rightarrow \$$ $\qquad$ $\div$ $\qquad$ $=\$$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\% \rightarrow$ $\qquad$ $\times \$$ $\qquad$ $=\$$ $\qquad$

Catherine's salary is \$ $\qquad$
10. An author receives a royalty of $8 \%$ on the sales of his book. If he receives $\$ 11,000$, what is the dollar amount of the book sales?

Name:
Date:

Solve.

## Example

Belle deposits $\$ 12,000$ into her savings account at the beginning of the year. She will receive $3 \%$ interest at the end of the year. How much interest will Belle receive?

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Interest } & =\frac{3}{3} \% \text { of } \$ \underline{12,000} \text { for } 1 \text { year } \\
& =\frac{\frac{3}{100}}{} \times \$ \underline{12,000} \times \frac{1}{} \\
& =\$ 360
\end{aligned}
$$

The amount of money earned from savings in a bank account or investments is called an interest.

Belle will receive $\$ 360$ in interest for the year.
11. Quincy has $\$ 490$ in his savings account at the beginning of the year. He will receive $2 \%$ interest at the end of the year. How much interest will Quincy receive?

Interest $=$ $\qquad$ \% of \$ $\qquad$ for 1 year
$=$ $\qquad$ $\times \$$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$
$=\$$ $\qquad$

Quincy will receive \$ $\qquad$ in interest for the year.
12. Sara invested $\$ 2,600$ at the beginning of the year. The interest on her investment is $4 \%$ per year. How much interest will Sara receive for the year?

Name: $\qquad$

## Solve.

## Example

A company invested $\$ 30,500$ with a bank for $\frac{1}{2}$ year. The interest rate is $4 \%$ per year. How much interest will the company receive at the end of $\frac{1}{2}$ year?

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Interest } & =\frac{\frac{4}{100}}{} \times \$ \underline{30,500} \times \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{} \\
& =\$ 610
\end{aligned}
$$

The firm will receive $\$$ $\qquad$ in interest at the end of $\frac{1}{2}$ year.

An interest rate is the rate at which your money earns interest in a given amount of time.
13. Lionel has $\$ 6,400$ in his bank account at the beginning of the year. The interest rate is $3 \%$ per year. How much interest will he receive at the end of $\frac{1}{2}$ year?
|interest = $\qquad$ $\times \$$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$

$$
=\$
$$

$\qquad$

Lionel will receive $\$$ $\qquad$ in interest at the end of $\frac{1}{2}$ year.
14. A company has $\$ 180,000$ in its account. The interest rate is $5 \%$ per year.

How much interest will it earn at the end of $\frac{1}{2}$ year?
19. $25.5 \%=\underline{\frac{25.5}{100}}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{255}{1,000} \\
& =\frac{51}{200}
\end{aligned}
$$

20. $6.02 \%=\underline{\frac{6.02}{100}}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{602}{10,000} \\
& =\frac{301}{5,000}
\end{aligned}
$$

21. $\frac{89}{1,000}$
22. $\frac{1,517}{10,000}$
23. $\frac{137}{250}$
24. $\frac{1,387}{2,000}$

## Lesson 6.3

1. Method 1

The model shows that:

$$
\begin{aligned}
100 \% & \rightarrow 250 \\
1 \% & \rightarrow \frac{250}{100}=2.5 \\
4 \% & \rightarrow 4 \times 2.5=10
\end{aligned}
$$

$4 \%$ of 250 is 10 .

## Method 2

$4 \%$ of $250=\underline{\frac{4}{100}} \times \underline{250}$

$$
=\underline{10}
$$

$4 \%$ of 250 is 10.
2. Method 1

The model shows that:

$$
\begin{aligned}
100 \% & \rightarrow 550 \mathrm{~kg} \\
1 \% & \rightarrow \frac{550}{100}=5.5 \mathrm{~kg} \\
12 \% & \rightarrow \underline{12 \times 5.5=66} \mathrm{~kg}
\end{aligned}
$$

$12 \%$ of 550 kilograms is 66 kilograms.

## Method 2

$12 \%$ of $550 \mathrm{~kg}=\underline{\frac{12}{100} \times \underline{550}}$

$$
=\underline{66} \mathrm{~kg}
$$

$12 \%$ of 550 kilograms is 66 kilograms.
3. 315
4. $\$ 414$
5. 369
6. 3,570 feet
7. The model shows that:

$$
\begin{aligned}
12 \% & \rightarrow 36 \text { people } \\
1 \% & \rightarrow \frac{36}{12}=3 \text { people } \\
100 \% & \rightarrow \frac{100 \times 3=300}{} \text { people }
\end{aligned}
$$

There were $\underline{300}$ people at the movie theatre in all.
8. $40 \% \rightarrow \underline{520}$ biscuits
$1 \% \rightarrow \underline{\frac{520}{40}=13 \text { biscuits } .}$
$100 \% \rightarrow 100 \times 13=1,300$ biscuits
Jenny made 1,300 biscuits in all.
9. 500 eggs
10. 600 stamps
11. $40 \% \rightarrow 180$

$$
\begin{aligned}
1 \% & \rightarrow \frac{\frac{180}{40}}{100} \times \frac{180}{40}=450 \\
100 \% & \rightarrow \underline{100}
\end{aligned}
$$

The number is 450 .
12. $75 \% \rightarrow 230$

$$
1 \% \rightarrow \frac{230}{75}
$$

$100 \% \rightarrow 100 \times \frac{230}{75}=306 \frac{2}{3}$
The number is $306 \frac{2}{3}$.
13. 780
14. 125

## Lesson 6.4

1. a) Method 1

Fraction of the quilts Denise sold
$=\frac{\text { Number of quilts sold }}{\text { Total number of quilts }}$
$=\underline{\frac{12}{40}}$
$=\frac{3}{10}$
$\underline{\frac{3}{10}} \times \underline{100} \%=\underline{30} \%$
Denise sold 30\% of the quilts.

## Method 2

$\underline{40}$ quilts $\rightarrow \underline{100 \%}$

$$
\underline{1} \text { quilt } \rightarrow \underline{\frac{100}{40} \%}
$$

$\underline{12}$ quilts $\rightarrow \underline{12} \times \underline{\frac{100}{40}} \%=\underline{30} \%$
Denise sold $3 \mathbf{3 0} \%$ of the quilts.
b) $100 \%-\underline{30} \%=\underline{70} \%$

Denise did not sell $\underline{70} \%$ of the quilts.
2. a) $20 \%$
b) $80 \%$
3. a) $75 \%$
b) $25 \%$
4. Method 1

Sales tax $=\underline{7} \%$ of $\$ \underline{820}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{7}{100} \times \$ 820 \\
& =\$ 57.40
\end{aligned}
$$

$\$ \underline{820}+\$ \underline{57.40}=\$ \underline{877.40}$
Janice paid $\$ \underline{877.40}$ in total for her airfare.

## Method 2

Sales tax:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\underline{100} \% & \rightarrow \$ \underline{820} \\
\underline{1} \% & \rightarrow \underline{\$ \frac{820}{100}} \\
\underline{7} \% & \rightarrow 7 \times \$ \frac{820}{100}=\$ \underline{57.40} \\
\$ \underline{820} & +\$ \underline{57.40}=\$ \underline{877.40}
\end{aligned}
$$

Janice paid $\$ \underline{877.40}$ in total for her airfare.
5. $\$ 162$
6. $\$ 4,012.50$
7. The cost of the DVD movie was $100 \%$.
$\$ \underline{25.50} \rightarrow \underline{100 \%}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\$ 1 & \rightarrow \underline{\frac{100}{25.50} \%} \\
\$ \underline{2.04} & \rightarrow \underline{2.04} \times \frac{100}{25.50} \%=\underline{8} \%
\end{aligned}
$$

The sales tax rate was $8 \%$.
8. $7 \%$
9. $\underline{5} \% \rightarrow \$ \underline{285}$

$$
\underline{1} \% \rightarrow \$ \underline{285} \div \underline{5}=\$ \underline{57}
$$

$\underline{100} \% \rightarrow \underline{100} \times \$ \underline{57}=\$ \underline{5,700}$
Catherine's salary is $\$ \underline{5,700}$.
10. $\$ 137,500$
11. Interest
$=\underline{2} \%$ of $\$ \underline{490}$ for 1 year
$=\underline{\frac{2}{100}} \times \underline{\$ 490} \times \underline{1}$
$=\$ \underline{9.80}$
Quincy will receive $\$ \underline{9.80}$ in interest for the year.
12. $\$ 104$
13. Interest $=\underline{\frac{2}{100}} \times \underline{\$ 6,400} \times \underline{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$
=\$ \underline{96}
$$

Lionel will receive $\$ \underline{96}$ in interest at the end of $\frac{1}{2}$ year.
14. $\$ 4,500$

## Lesson 6.5

1. Method 1
$\underline{15} \%$ of $\$ \underline{2.20}=\underline{\frac{15}{100}} \times \underline{\$ 2.20}$

$$
=\$ 0.33
$$

The price is marked up by $\$ 0.33$.
$\$ \underline{2.20}+\$ \underline{0.33}=\$ \underline{2.53}$
The selling price of the cereal is $\$ 2.53$.

## Method 2

$$
\begin{aligned}
\underline{100 \%} & \rightarrow \$ \underline{2.20} \\
1 \% & \rightarrow \underline{\frac{2.20}{100}} \\
\underline{15} \% & \rightarrow \$ \underline{15} \times \$ \frac{2.20}{100}=\$ \underline{0.33}
\end{aligned}
$$

The price is marked up by $\$ \underline{0.33}$.
$\$ \underline{2.20}+\$ \underline{0.33}=\$ \underline{2.53}$
The selling price of the cereal is $\$ 2.53$.
2. $\$ 22.40$
3. 75 pounds
4. $\$ 1,386$
5. a) $\underline{100} \%-\underline{60} \%=\underline{40} \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\underline{40} \% & \rightarrow \frac{900}{900} \mathrm{~g} \\
1 \% & \rightarrow \underline{\frac{90}{40} \mathrm{~g}} \\
\underline{100} \% & \rightarrow \underline{100} \times \frac{900}{40} \mathrm{~g}=\underline{2,250} \mathrm{~g}
\end{aligned}
$$

The chef made $\underline{2,250}$ grams of dough at first.
b) $100 \%-\underline{15} \%=\underline{85} \%$
$\underline{85 \%} \times \underline{900} \mathrm{~g}$
$=\underline{\frac{85}{100}} \times \underline{900} \mathrm{~g}$
$=\underline{765} \mathrm{~g}$
$\underline{765}$ grams of dough was left after making the biscuits.
6. a) 500 stickers b) 150 stickers
7. $\$ \underline{450}-\$ \underline{396}=\$ \underline{54}$

The discount was \$54.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\$ \underline{450} & \rightarrow \underline{100} \% \\
\$ \underline{1} & \rightarrow \underline{\frac{100}{450} \%} \\
\$ \underline{54} & \rightarrow \underline{54} \times \frac{100}{450} \%=\underline{12} \%
\end{aligned}
$$

The percent discount was $\underline{12 \%}$.
8. $40 \%$
9. $\$ \underline{104}-\$ \underline{80}=\$ \underline{24}$

The increase in price was $\$ \underline{24}$.
$\$ 80 \rightarrow$ 100\%
$\$ \underline{1} \rightarrow \frac{100}{\frac{80}{24}} \%$
$\$ \underline{24} \rightarrow \underline{24} \times \underline{\frac{100}{80} \%}=\$ \underline{30} \%$
The percent increase in the price of the ring was $30 \%$.
10. $49 \frac{1}{11} \%$
11. a) Increase in the price of rug when Company $A$ sold it to Company B
$=\$ \underline{90}-\$ \underline{75}$
= \$15
$\begin{aligned} \text { Percent increase } & =\frac{15}{75} \times \underline{100 \%} \\ & =20 \%\end{aligned}$
The percent increase in the price of the rug when Company A sold it to Company B was $20 \%$.

